

1. Gordan category of rational Cherednik-algebras

(joint w/ I. Losev)

- overlap w/ Skov - Vasserot, Strömberg - Webster

- Ringel

1. $W \subset \mathbb{C} \zeta$

↑ complex reflection group

$\mathcal{A} = \{H = \ker(\alpha_H)\}$, W_H -cyclic

$P = \bigsqcup_{H \in \mathcal{A}/W} \mu(W_H) \xleftarrow{\sim} \mathbb{Z}/|W_H|\mathbb{Z} \xrightarrow{j \mapsto \det^j|_{W_H}} -\{0\}$

$k \in \mathbb{C}^P$ $H_k(W)$ subalgebra of $\text{End}_{\mathbb{C}}(\mathbb{C}[\zeta])$

gend. by

- W
- multiplication by $\mathbb{C}[\zeta]$
- $\Delta y = \partial_y - \sum_{H \in \mathcal{A}} \alpha_H(y) / \alpha_H$ $y \in \zeta$

where $a_H = \sum_{p \in \mu(W_H)} |W_H| k_p \epsilon_p$

↑
idempotent in $\mathbb{C}[W_H]$
attached to p

deforms $\mathcal{D}(\zeta) \rtimes W$

$\mathcal{O}_{\underline{h}}(W)$ - fin. gen. $\mathcal{H}_{\underline{R}}(W)$ - modules, locally nilpotent for $\Delta_{\underline{y}}$ $\forall \underline{y}$

a) highest weight category: $\lambda \in \text{hd}(W) \mapsto \Delta_{\underline{R}}(\lambda)$

$$\lambda \leq \lambda' \text{ iff } \left(\sum_{H \in \Delta} a_H \right) \Big|_{\lambda} - \left(\sum_{H \in \Delta} a_H \right) \Big|_{\lambda'} \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \mathcal{L}_{\underline{R}}(\lambda)$$

b) $\mathcal{O}_{\underline{R}}(W) \longrightarrow \Delta(\mathcal{H}^{\text{neg}}) \rtimes W\text{-mod}^{\text{r, no!}}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \pi_1(\mathcal{H}^{\text{neg}}/W, *) - \text{mod} \\ \parallel \\ B_W - \text{mod} \end{array}$$

$K\mathbb{Z}_{\underline{R}} : \mathcal{O}_{\underline{R}}(W) \longrightarrow \mathcal{H}_{\underline{q}}(W)$ reps of $\pi_1(\mathcal{H}^{\text{neg}}/W, *)$

satisfying

$$(T_H - 1) \prod_{j=1}^{|\text{hd}(H)|} (T_H - \exp(2\pi i \frac{k-j}{p}))$$

fully faithful on projectives

eg $W = S_2 = \langle s \rangle \quad k = k_1$

$$[\Delta_{\underline{y}}, \kappa] = 1 - 2ks$$

$$\Delta(\text{triv}) \longmapsto T_G 1$$

$$\Delta(\text{sgn}) \longmapsto T_G - \exp(2\pi i k)$$

2. $\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}(W) \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W) - \text{mod}$

• 0-faithful if fully faithful on $\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}^{\Delta}$

• 1-faithful if $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}}^i(M, N) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{H}}^i(KZ_{\underline{k}} M, KZ_{\underline{k}} N)$
 $M, N \in \mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}^{\Delta}$

Thm (Rouquier, ~~GGOR~~) suppose $\mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W_H) \cong \mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W)$ is semisimple, then $\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}(W) \xrightarrow{\text{Mor}} \mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}'}(W)$ if $\underline{k}' - \underline{k} \in \mathbb{Z}^p$ and $\angle_{\underline{k}} = \angle_{\underline{k}'}$

proof 1-faithfulness $\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}^{\Delta}(W) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W)^{KZ_{\underline{k}'}^{\Delta}}$

$KZ_{\underline{k}}^{\Delta} = KZ_{\underline{k}'}^{\Delta}$ if $\angle_{\underline{k}} = \angle_{\underline{k}'}$

GGOR \Rightarrow 0-faithful

$R \Rightarrow$ 1-faithful \square

eg $W = S_2$ $\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}(W) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{O}_0(S_2) \\ \text{s.s} \end{cases}$ $\underline{k} = \frac{1}{2} + \mathbb{Z}$
 $0 \cdot \omega$

conjecture $\mathcal{D}^b(\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}}(W)) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{D}^b(\mathcal{O}_{\underline{k}'}(W))$ if $\underline{k} - \underline{k}' \in \mathbb{Z}^p$

3. $\mathcal{D}(\eta) \rtimes W \xrightarrow{\text{Mor}} \mathcal{D}(\eta)^W$ spherical subalg.

$\mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W) - \text{mod} \xleftrightarrow{\sim} e\mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W)e = \mathcal{U}_{\underline{k}}(W) - \text{mod}$

equivalence if $\underline{k} \in$ spherical locus

eg $W = S_2$ $\underline{k} = \frac{-1}{2}$ $\text{sign} \otimes \mathcal{H}_{\underline{k}}(W)$

\uparrow
 aspherical

$\mathcal{U}_{\underline{k}}(W) = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} U_{\underline{k}}(i)$ $\deg x = 1$ $\deg y = -1$

\downarrow
 eigenspaces for $\underline{eu} = e(\sum x_i dy_i)e$

$G_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{sph}}$ - fin. gend. $U_{\mathbb{R}}$ -mods, loc. fin. for $\underline{e}\mathbb{N}$
and loc. r.i.p. for $U(\leq 0)$

\mathbb{R} -spherical $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{sph}}$

Note: $\text{ker}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{sph}}) = \text{ker}(U_{\mathbb{R}}(0) / U_{\mathbb{R}}(0) \cap UV(\leq 0))$

f. dim alg. flat in \mathbb{R}

4. Geometric symmetries

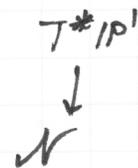
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W)$ is the object quantizing a symplectic singularity

\Rightarrow symmetries of singularities \rightsquigarrow symmetries of $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W)$

eg. $W = S^2$

$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W) = U(\mathfrak{so}(2)) / (\underbrace{\Omega - (k - \frac{1}{2})(k + \frac{3}{2})}_{\text{Casimir}})$

$k \leftrightarrow -k-1$



$\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}^{\text{sph}}(W) \sim \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}'}^{\text{sph}}(W)$ should be expected

$W = G(\ell, 1, \ell) = \mu_{\mathbb{R}}^{\wedge} \times_{\sigma_{\mathbb{R}}} G \mathbb{C}^{\ell}$ $\rho = (k, \underbrace{k_1, \dots, k_{\ell-1}}_{\substack{\mathcal{O} \\ S_{\ell}}})$

Thm (G-Loser)

$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W) \sim \mathcal{O}_{\sigma_{\mathbb{R}}}(\mathbb{R})$ $\forall \sigma \in S_{\ell}$

(\mathbb{R} spherical)

$\text{stab } \Delta_{\mathbb{R}}(\lambda) \rightarrow \Delta_{\sigma \cdot \mathbb{R}}(\lambda^{\sigma})$

5. Symmetries from quantizations

Thm (G-Loser) $D^b(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}}(W)) \sim D^b(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}'}(W))$ if

$\mathbb{R} - \mathbb{R}' \in \mathbb{Z}^{\vee}$, $W = G(\ell, 1, \ell)$

Proof

$$\mathcal{D}^b(\text{Coh } X) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{D}^b(\text{Coh }^W T^*Y) \stackrel{=}{=} \text{End}_{\mathcal{O}_X}(\mathcal{P})$$

||
 $\in [T^*Y] \times W\text{-mod}$

Bezrukavnikov - Kaledin

T^*Y/W

\uparrow
 X

$$\mathcal{P} \rightsquigarrow \hat{\mathcal{P}}_{\hbar}$$

$$\mathcal{D}^b(\text{Coh } W_x^*) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{D}^b(H_{\mathbb{R}}^*(W))$$

equivariant
for 2-dim
tori

\Rightarrow derived equivalence for \mathcal{O}

□